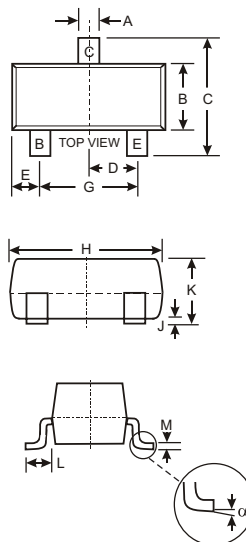


Features

- Epitaxial Planar Die Construction
- Complementary PNP Type Available MMBT3906
- Ideal for Medium Power Amplification and Switching
- We declare that the material of product compliance with RoHS requirements.
- Marking Code:1AM



SOT-23		
Dim	Min	Max
A	0.37	0.51
B	1.20	1.40
C	2.30	2.50
D	0.89	1.03
E	0.45	0.60
G	1.78	2.05
H	2.80	3.00
J	0.013	0.10
K	0.903	1.10
L	0.45	0.61
M	0.085	0.180
α	0°	8°
All Dimensions in mm		

Maximum Ratings @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	40	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	60	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	6	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	IC	200	mAdc

• THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Total Device Dissipation, FR-5 Board (Note 1) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	PD	225 1.8	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient(Note 1)	$R_{\theta JA}$	556	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Total Device Dissipation, Alumina Substrate (Note 2) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	PD	300 2.4	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	417	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Junction and Storage temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

1. FR-5 = 1.0×0.75×0.062 in.

2. Alumina = 0.4×0.3×0.024 in. 99.5% alumina.

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$)	VBR(CEO)	40	—	—	V
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $I_E = 0$)	VBR(CBO)	60	—	—	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $I_C = 0$)	VBR(EBO)	6	—	—	V
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)	ICEX	—	—	50	nA
Base Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)	IBL	—	—	50	nA

ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3.)

DC Current Gain ($I_C = 0.1\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 100\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$)	HFE	40 70 100 60 30	— — — — —	— — 300 — —	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage(3) ($I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 5.0\text{ mA}$)	VCE(sat)	— —	— —	0.2 0.3	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 5.0\text{ mA}$)	VBE(sat)	0.65 —	— —	0.85 0.95	V

SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

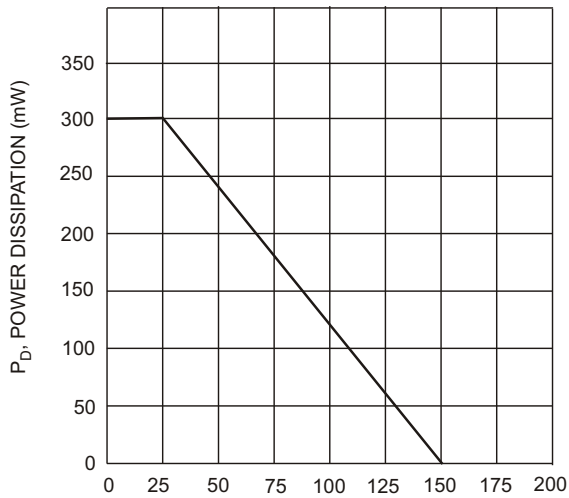
Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ Vdc}$, $f = 100\text{ MHz}$)	fT	300	—	—	MHz
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	Cobo	—	—	4	pF
Input Capacitance ($V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	Cibo	—	—	8	pF
Input Impedance ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	hie	1	—	10	k Ω
Voltage Feedback Ratio ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	hre	0.5	—	8	$\times 10^{-4}$
Small-Signal Current Gain ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	hfe	100	—	400	
Output Admittance ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	hoe	1	—	40	μmhos
Noise Figure ($V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $R_S = 1.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	NF	—	—	5	dB

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Delay Time	(VCC = 3.0 Vdc, VBE = -0.5Vdc, IC = 10 mA, IB1 = 1.0 mA)	td	—	—	35	ns
Rise Time		tr	—	—	35	
Storage Time	(VCC = 3.0 Vdc, IC = 10 mA, IB1 = IB2 = 1.0 mA)	ts	—	—	200	
Fall Time		tf	—	—	50	

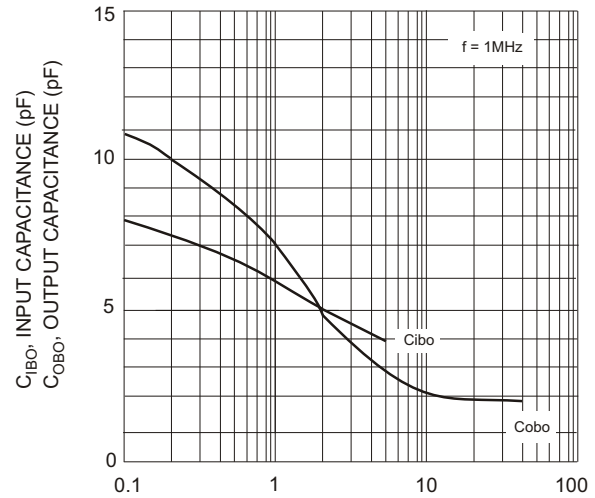
3. Pulse Test: Pulse Width <300 μs , Duty Cycle <2.0%.

TYPICAL TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS



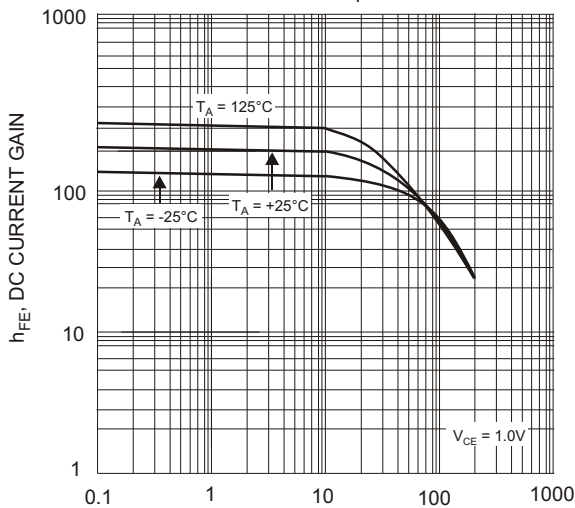
T_A , AMBIENT TEMPERATURE ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Fig. 1, Max Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature



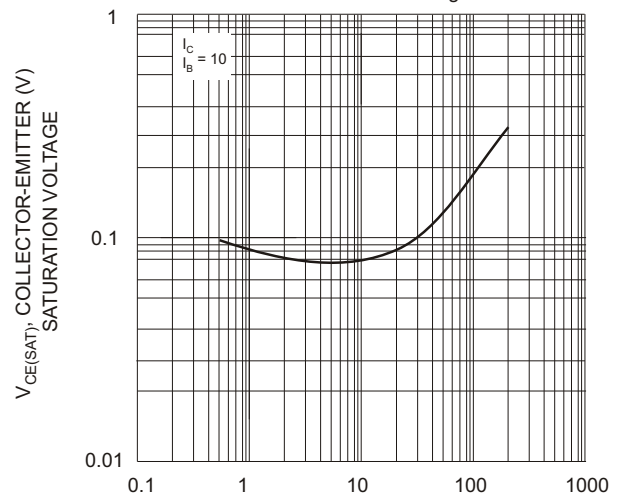
V_{CB} , COLLECTOR-BASE VOLTAGE (V)

Fig. 2, Input and Output Capacitance vs. Collector-Base Voltage



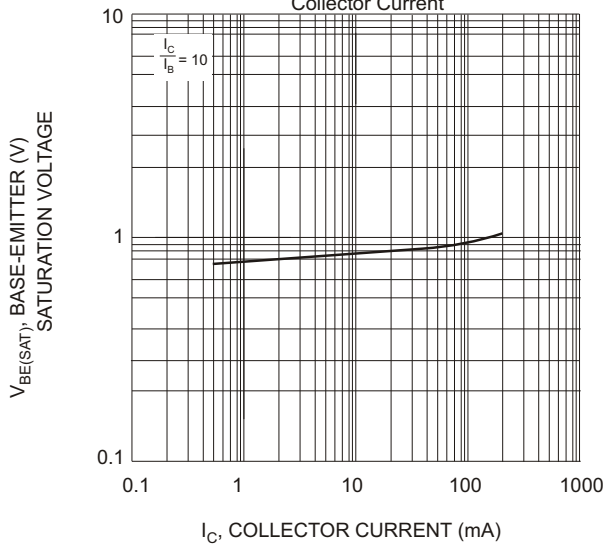
I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA)

Fig. 3, Typical DC Current Gain vs Collector Current



I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA)

Fig. 4, Typical Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current



I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA)

Fig. 5, Typical Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

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